





























EXHIBIT B



The Story of the Pennsylvania Citizens' Map

January 2022

Statement of Justin Villere, Managing Director of Draw the Lines PA

competitions and proven to be extraordinary citizen mappers software platform primarily used for DTL's competitions. I also manage the DTL Citizen Map mapping competitions from 2018-2021. Along with other judges who participated, I personally held by DTL across the Commonwealth since 2017. I oversaw DTL's five bi-annual public I have been involved in the Draw the Lines PA ("DTL") Community Map project since December Corps, a group of 40 Pennsylvanians from across the Commonwealth who have won DTL DTL's relationship with Azavea, the Philadelphia-based GIS firm that created DistrictBuilder, the reviewed every one of the 1,500 maps that were submitted by Pennsylvanians. I managed 2016. I organized or participated in almost every one of the 300+ in-person and virtual events

in Public Administration from Cornell University. Previously, I worked as a director of a Philadelphia-based nonprofit from 2012-2016. I have a B.A. in History and Communication from the University of Colorado at Boulder, and a Master's

Background on the Map

oldest and largest 501c3 nonpartisan good government group. civic engagement project developed and hosted by the Committee of Seventy, Pennsylvania's participated in five Draw the Lines¹ public competitions held since 2018. Draw the Lines is a Pennsylvania's 67 counties- representing 90% of the Commonwealth's population- who Pennsylvania that represent the efforts and mapping values of 7,211 Pennsylvanians from 40 of The Pennsylvania Citizens' Map is a composite map of 17 congressional districts in

regional Steering Committees: West (chaired by former US Attorney Fred Thiemann and former almost since its inception. During the competitions, the work of DTL was guided by three consultant Chris Satullo and Seventy CEO David Thornburgh. Thornburgh continues to serve as Sharmain Matlock-Turner). The effort was funded almost exclusively by Pennsylvania (chaired by former PA Governor Mark Schweiker and CEO of the Urban Affairs Coalition Brubaker and Sandy Strauss, Director of Advocacy for the PA Council of Churches); and East Superior Court Judge Maureen Lally-Green); Central (chaired by former state Senator Mike DTL Chair. I have served as project manager and then managing director of Draw the Lines Draw the Lines was created in October 2016 by longtime journalist and civic engagement

¹ DRAW THE LINES PA, https://drawthelinespa.org/ (last visited Jan. 24, 2022).

effort added up to almost 22,000 hours, the equivalent to one person working full time for almost old high school freshmen to college students from institutions across PA to senior citizens redistricting, Draw the Lines PA involved roughly 10 times more citizens than any other state in ten years. While other states have conducted such experiments in citizen engagement in Considering that each mapper, on average, spent three hours drawing a map, their collective DTL competitions were open to anyone in Pennsylvania, and participants ranged from 13 year-

were asked to prioritize the values and criteria they were attempting to represent in their map) software (District Builder² and Dave's Redistricting³). The statistical averages for these maps these 1,500 maps were drawn and scored on common mapping metrics using free online mappers declared important to them (prior to drawing and submitting a map citizen mappers became benchmarks by which to draw the Citizens' Map (see below), as did the values that maps were submitted by teams, and not all participants ended up completing maps). Each of Draw the Lines citizen mappers completed and submitted 1,500 congressional maps (many

comments on the DTL website on what they liked and didn't like about the map. Draw the Lines tradeoffs embedded in the map. After the map was released, citizens were encouraged to make accompanied by an extensive narrative that explained, district by district, the choices and published the original version of the Citizens' Map in September 2021. The map was now. With the benefit of their energetic and skilled involvement and insights, Draw the Lines In the summer of 2020, about forty of the most skilled and active Draw the Lines citizen Draw the Lines then produced a second, final version of the map. received 116 comments on the map. After taking those recommendations under advisement, mappers were organized into a Citizen Map Corps, which has met monthly between then and

public involvement to draw the original map, publishing the map, asking for feedback, and then than any other map that has been published or considered. Further, by using direct hands-on majority of public commenters would want to see in their congressional maps Citizens' Map is not a perfect map but it represents what our thousands of mappers and a clear revising it, Draw the Lines has modeled a transparent and accountable public process. The The Citizens' Map, in effect, represents the values of everyday Pennsylvania mappers more

current map that resulted from that case as a general starting place Supreme Court decision overturning PA's 2011 congressional maps. Accordingly, it uses the Among the mapping criteria prioritized are those contained in the landmark 2018 Pennsylvania

A note on data and software

address prior to incarceration. August 2021. It is unadjusted data; it does not adjust prisoner locations to their place of home The Citizens' Map uses the 2020 PL 94-171 dataset produced by the U.S. Census Bureau in

DISTRICT BUILDER, https://www.districtbuilder.org/ (last visited Jan. 24, 2022).

³ DAVE'S REDISTRICTING, https://davesredistricting.org/maps#home (last visited Jan. 24, 2022).